

December 5, 2011

Marlene H. Dortch, Esq. Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street SW Washington DC 20554

Re: Notice of Ex Parte Communication in MB Docket Nos. 09-182 and 10-71

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On December 1, 2011, Jane E. Mago, Jerianne Timmerman and the undersigned of the National Association of Broadcasters (NAB), met with Sherrese Smith and Jessica Almond of the Office of Chairman Julius Genachowski.

During the meeting, we discussed the public interest benefits of shared services agreements (SSAs). We stated that some stations are dependent upon SSAs in order to achieve efficiencies that allow them to provide more and better services to the public – services the stations could not otherwise offer. The agreements allow broadcast licensees to benefit from some economies of scale and scope while maintaining separate ownership and control of their respective stations. The agreements often facilitate sharing of capital-intensive costs associated with stations' day-to-day operations, such as the cost of helicopters and electronic news-gathering trucks equipped with microwave or satellite transmission capability.

Although NAB does not currently have data that isolates SSAs from other types of joint operations or common ownership, NAB has presented evidence that stations that are commonly owned or operated through a joint agreement such as a local marketing agreement or SSA are more likely to offer local news, public affairs or current affairs programming.<sup>1</sup> A more recent study on economies of scale and scope and the

1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See, e.g. Michael G. Baumann and Kent W. Mikkelsen, Economists Incorporated, "Effect of Common Ownership or Operation on Television News Carriage: An Update" (Attachment A, NAB Reply Comments, MB Docket No. 06-121, at 6-7 (Nov. 1, 2007)) (finding that a station in a same-market combination is 6.2 percent more likely to carry local news and public affairs programming than a station that is not in such a local combination). The FCC also has acknowledged the public interest benefits of common ownership of television stations in the same market. A study conducted in connection with the FCC's last review of media ownership rules found that co-ownership of television stations in the same market "has a large, positive, statistically significant impact on the quantity of news programming"—

Marlene H. Dortch, Esq. December 5, 2011 Page 2

television broadcast industry found that joint arrangements including SSAs allow broadcasters, especially in small markets, to reduce their fixed costs and continue to operate where it would otherwise be uneconomic to do so.<sup>2</sup> Depriving stations, especially smaller ones, of the ability to engage in joint agreements could have a significant impact on both the production of local news and on the stations' ultimate financial viability.<sup>3</sup> Given these economies of scale and scope, NAB further reiterated its long-standing position that the current local ownership rules need significant reform.

We noted that government intervention into the nature of joint arrangements between broadcasters poses a risk of intruding too far into the details of stations' day-to-day operations and how stations go about gathering and presenting news, raising potential First Amendment issues. We also noted that the Commission typically does not evaluate both ownership and attribution within the scope of the same proceeding because the analysis required to develop each set of rules is very different. An ownership rulemaking considers what structural rules will best promote competition, diversity and localism, while establishing attribution rules requires the Commission to consider what interests confer a degree "of influence or control such that the holders have a realistic potential to affect the programming decisions of licensees or other core operating functions." We stated that, given the complexity of the issues involved under each analysis, addressing attribution rules in a proceeding separate from the statutorily-mandated 2010 quadrennial ownership review (and associated court remands) would be advisable.

NAB representatives stated that the FCC should be particularly wary of the efforts of multichannel video programming distributors (MVPDs) to import retransmission consent issues into this quadrennial review of the ownership rules.<sup>5</sup> The Commission

specifically, a 15% increase in the amount of news minutes aired per day. See FCC, Daniel Shiman, The Impact of Ownership Structure on Television Stations' News and Public Affairs Programming (July 24, 2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Reply Declaration of Jeffrey A. Eisenach and Kevin W. Caves (June 27, 2011) at ¶¶ 18-27, filed in MB Docket No. 10-71 as Appendix A of NAB's Reply Comments ("Eisenach Reply Declaration"); Jeffrey A. Eisenach and Kevin W. Caves, *The Effects of Regulation on Economies of Scale and Scope in TV Broadcasting* (June 2011), filed in MB Docket No. 10-71 as Attachment A of Eisenach Reply Declaration. This economic analysis also found another benefit from joint arrangements between television stations: these stations are less likely to be involved in impasses with pay TV companies when negotiating retransmission consent agreements. *Id.* at ¶¶ 24-25.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Regulations Governing Attribution of Broadcast and Cable/MDS Interests, Regulation and Policies Affecting Investment in the Broadcast Industry and Reexamination of the Commission's Cross Interest Policy, 14 FCC Rcd 12559, 12560 ¶ 1 (1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See, e.g., Letter from Mike Chappell, American Television Alliance, to Marlene H. Dortch, MB Docket Nos. 09-182 and 10-71 (Nov. 18, 2011).

Marlene H. Dortch, Esq. December 5, 2011 Page 3

already has a pending proceeding in which it is considering a wide range of retransmission consent issues. That proceeding is a more appropriate vehicle for the disposition of MVPDs' contentions regarding retransmission consent. Moreover, we noted that recent filings by representatives of the MVPD industry were blatant attempts to use ownership rules to skew retransmission consent negotiations in their favor. We emphasized that broadcast ownership rules are not designed to protect MVPD interests but to promote diversity, competition and localism *for viewers*. We urged the Commission to reject these suggestions to further complicate the already complex analysis of broadcast ownership rules, particularly since there are no similarly limiting rules imposed on the MVPD industry.

We also discussed the status of the FCC's efforts to gather data to support rules that would promote diversity in broadcast ownership. During that discussion, we referenced NAB's support for certain incubator and other incentive proposals, as well as the initiation of a proceeding to evaluate possible bidding credits for auction participants that have overcome substantial disadvantages.

Finally, we discussed the impact of the digital transition on the contour-based triggers for various ownership rules. We stated that NAB continues to analyze potential approaches, including the DMA-based approach that is being considered by the Commission.

Please direct any questions regarding this matter to the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted.

Erin L. Dozier

Senior Vice President and Deputy General Counsel

Legal and Regulatory Affairs

cc: Sherrese Smith, Jessica Almond

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See, e.g., NAB Reply Comments in MB Docket No. 09-182 at 23-24 (Jul. 26, 2010) (supporting proposals that the Commission: (i) adopt a system of waivers/exceptions to its ownership rules for broadcasters taking actions that enhance ownership opportunities for socially disadvantaged businesses; (ii) allow sellers of broadcast properties to hold a reversionary interest in properties for certain sales; and (iii) permit the sale of broadcast subchannels to socially disadvantaged businesses).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Comments of NAB in GN Docket No. 10-244 (Feb. 7, 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See NAB Comments in MB Docket No. 09-182 at 93-95 (July 12, 2010).